ENROLLED

COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

H. B. 4197

(By Mr. Speaker, Mr. Chambers, and Delegate R. Burk)
[By Request of the Executive]

[Passed March L. 1990; in effect from passage.]

AN ACT to amend chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirty-a, relating to the adoption of a medical power of attorney act for the state of West Virginia.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That chapter sixteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended by adding thereto a new article, designated article thirty-a, to read as follows:

ARTICLE 30A. MEDICAL POWER OF ATTORNEY.

§16-30A-1. Short title.

- 1 This article may be cited as the "Medical Power of
- 2 Attorney Act."

§16-30A-2. Statement of purpose and legislative findings.

- 1 (a) Purpose.—It is the purpose of this article to ensure
- 2 that a patient's right to self-determination in health care
- 3 decisions be communicated and protected.
- 4 (b) Findings.—The Legislature hereby finds that:

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- 44 directives concerning the provision of medical treatment
- 45 or withholding thereof for persons who become incap-
- 46 able of communicating their desires relating thereto.

§16-30A-3. Medical power of attorney.

A medical power of attorney is a springing durable power of attorney by which any person (hereinafter the "principal") designates another person (hereinafter the "representative") in writing to make health care decisions for him or her in the event he or she is unable 5 to do so. The instrument shall contain the following words, or words of like import. "THIS MEDICAL POWER OF ATTORNEY SHALL BECOME EFFEC-TIVE ONLY UPON MY INCAPACITY TO GIVE, 9 WITHDRAW OR WITHHOLD INFORMED CON-10 SENT TO MY OWN MEDICAL CARE." For purposes 11 of this article "incapacity" or words of like import shall 12 13 mean the inability, because of physical or mental impairment, to appreciate the nature and implications 14 of a health care decision, to make an informed choice 15 regarding the alternatives presented, and to commun-16 17 icate that choice in an unambiguous manner, as 18 determined by two physicians or by one physician and one licensed psychologist, both of whom are licensed to 19 20 practice in this state, and additionally, have examined the principal. The principal's attending physician shall 21 be one of those who makes the determination required 22 23 herein.

§16-30A-4. Powers of representative.

- 1 (a) The desires of a principal having capacity at all 2 times supersede the effect of the medical power of attorney.
- (b) In exercising the authority under the medical power of attorney, the representative has the duty to act consistently with the desires of the principal either as expressed in such medical power of attorney or which have otherwise been made known to such representative. If the principal's desires are unknown, then such representative shall act in the best interests of the principal.

direction from a representative that results in the withholding or withdrawal of medical treatment or diagnostic procedures, including life-prolonging intervention, from a principal shall not be considered for any purpose homicide, suicide or assisting suicide. A representative's refusal to give consent to, withdrawal or withholding of any such treatment or procedure pursuant to the authority granted by the principal shall not be considered for any purpose as homicide or assisting suicide.

(b) The making of a medical power of attorney pursuant to this article may not affect in any manner the sale, procurement or issuance of any policy of life insurance, nor may it modify the terms of any existing policy of life insurance. No policy of life insurance may be legally impaired or invalidated in any manner by the withholding or withdrawal of life-prolonging intervention from an insured principal, notwithstanding any provision of the policy to the contrary.

§16-30A-15. Preservation of existing rights.

- 1 (a) Any durable power of attorney that was executed 2 in accordance with the provisions of chapter thirty-nine. 3 article four of this code prior to the effective date of this 4 article and which expressly delegates to the attorney in 5 fact named therein any health care decisions by and on 6 behalf of the principal is hereby recognized as a valid grant of authority, as though it were executed in compliance with the provisions of this article.
 - (b) Subsequent to the effective date of this article, an instrument made in accordance with chapter thirty-nine, article four of this code and also in accordance with the terms of this article shall be effective to authorize the exercise of health care decision-making and other authority as provided in such instrument.
 - (c) This article creates no presumption concerning the intention of an individual who has not executed a medical power of attorney to consent to, refuse or withdraw any and all medical treatment or diagnostic procedures, including, but not limited to, life-prolonging intervention.

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§16-30A-16. Prohibition.

- 1 (a) Nothing in this article may be construed to condone, authorize or approve mercy killing or to permit
- 3 any affirmative or deliberate act or omission to end a
 - human life other than to permit the natural process of
- 5 dying.
- 6 (b) Under no circumstances may the presence or absence of a medical power of attorney be used to deny
- 8 a patient admission to a health care facility.

§16-30A-17. Reciprocity.

- A durable power of attorney executed in another state
- 2 is validly executed for purposes of this article if it is
- 3 executed in compliance with the laws of this state or the
- laws of the state where executed and expressly delegates
- 5 health care decisions.

§16-30A-18. Standard form.

A medical power of attorney shall be drafted in the following form or in such form which substantially complies with the requirements set forth herein. The provision of medical power of attorney forms substantially in compliance with this article by health care providers, medical practitioners, social workers, social service agencies, senior citizens centers, hospitals, nursing homes, personal care homes, community care facilities or any other similar person or group, without separate compensation, does not constitute the unauthorized practice of law within this state.

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MEDICAL POWER OF ATTORNEY

15 I (inse	
	rt your name
16 and address), hereby appoint	
17 (insert the name, address, area code ar	
l8 number of the person you wish to design	
19 representative) as my representative to act	on my behal
20 to give, withhold or withdraw informed	l consent to
21 health care decisions in the event that I ar	
22 do so myself. If my representative is unab	

or disqualified to serve, then I appoint as my successor representative.

This appointment shall extend to (but not be limited to) decisions relating to medical treatment, surgical treatment, nursing care, medication, hospitalization, care and treatment in a nursing home or other facility. and home health care. The representative appointed by this document is specifically authorized to act on my behalf to consent to, refuse or withdraw any and all medical treatment or diagnostic procedures, if my representative determines that I, if able to do so, would consent to, refuse or withdraw such treatment or procedures. Such authority shall include, but not be limited to, the withholding or withdrawal of lifeprolonging intervention when in the opinion of two physicians who have examined me, one of whom is my attending physician, such life-prolonging intervention offers no medical hope of benefit.

I appoint this representative because I believe this person understands my wishes and values and will act to carry into effect the health care decisions that I would make if I were able to do so, and because I also believe that this person will act in my best interests when my wishes are unknown. It is my intent that my family, my physician and all legal authorities be bound by the decisions that are made by the representative appointed by this document, and it is my intent that these decisions should not be the subject of review by any health care provider, or administrative or judicial agency.

It is my intent that this document be legally binding and effective. In the event that the law does not recognize this document as legally binding and effective, it is my intent that this document be taken as a formal statement of my desire concerning the method by which any health care decisions should be made on my behalf during any period when I am unable to make such decisions.

In exercising the authority under this medical power of attorney, my representative shall act consistently with my special directives or limitations as stated below.

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	DIRECTIVES OR R: (If none, write "no	LIMITATIONS ON ne.")
BECOME EF ITY TO GIV	FECTIVE ONLY UE, WITHHOLD O	ATTORNEY SHALL PON MY INCAPAC- R WITHDRAW IN- OWN MEDICAL
		any directives made ment concerning my
X	S:	Deigrafia
	Signature of	Principal gnature above. I am
principal by be portion of the laws of intestal domicile or to of the principal for the costs of am not the principal representative principal.	lood or marriage. I a estate of the princi te succession of the s the best of my know I or codicil thereto, if the principal's me ncipal's attending pl	am not related to the am not entitled to any ipal according to the tate of the principal's redge under any will or legally responsible dical or other care. In presentative of the
WITNESS:	-	DATE:
WITNESS:		DATE:
STATE OF		
COUNTY O	F	, to-wit:
		, a Notary Public
	do certify that	-

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97	as principal, andand
98	, as witnesses, whose names are
99	signed to the writing above bearing date on the
100	day of, 19, have this
101	day acknowledged the same before me.
102	Given under my hand this day of
103	, 19
104	My commission expires:
105	
106	Notary Public

§16-30A-19. Public education; guidelines for execution in health care facilities.

- (a) The secretary of health and human resources, no later than one year after the effective date of this article, shall develop and implement a statewide educational effort to inform the public of the option to execute a medical power of attorney and of patients' rights to participate in and direct health care decisions.
- 7 (b) The secretary of health and human resources shall publish, and may revise from time to time, guidelines concerning the manner of execution and revocation of medical powers of attorney while a person is a patient 10 in a health care facility. The guidelines shall (1) inform 11 patients of their right to execute a medical power of 12 attorney concerning their health care; (2) assure patients 13 that their decision concerning the execution of a medical 14 power of attorney will not be used to deny them 15 admission to or continued stay at the health care facility; 16 (3) inform patients of their right to revoke such medical 18 power of attorney at any time; and (4) address such 19 other matters as the secretary may consider approp-20 riate.

§16-30A-20. Severability.

- The provisions of this article are severable and if any provision, section or part thereof shall be held invalid.
- 3 unconstitutional or inapplicable to any person or

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- circumstance, such invalidity, unconstitutionality or inapplicability shall not affect or impair any other
- remaining provisions contained herein.

49 (e) If proceedings are initiated before a county 50 commission for the appointment of a committee or 51 guardian for the person of the principal subsequent to 52 the execution of a medical power of attorney by the 53 principal, the county commission shall, provided it has 54 notice of a duly executed medical power of attorney, 55 name the representative so designated as committee or 56 guardian of the person for medical decision-making 57 purposes, absent good cause shown against such designation. 58

§16-30A-5. Successor representative.

- 1 (a) The principal may appoint one or more successor representatives in the medical power of attorney in the event the original representative named therein is unable, unwilling or disqualified to serve. In such case, the successor representative shall succeed to all duties and powers given to the original representative, unless the principal expressly provides to the contrary.
- (b) Should the representative and the successor representative(s) named in the medical power of attorney be unable, unwilling or disqualified to serve, then the medical power of attorney shall lapse. However, such lapse shall not prevent any advance directives, statement of personal values or specific instructions therein from serving as guidelines for the medical or health care of the principal.

§16-30A-6. Executing a medical power of attorney.

- (a) Any person eighteen years of age or older having the capacity to do so may execute a medical power of attorney. A medical power of attorney made pursuant to this article shall be: (1) In writing; (2) signed by the person making the medical power of attorney or by another person in the principal's presence at the principal's express direction; (3) dated; (4) signed in the presence of two or more witnesses at least eighteen years of age; and (5) acknowledged before a notary public.
- 10 (b) Each witness shall attest that he or she is not: (1)
 11 The person who signed the medical power of attorney
 12 on behalf of and at the direction of the principal; (2)

- 13 related to the principal by blood or marriage: (3) entitled to any portion of the estate of the principal 14 15 according to the laws of intestate succession of the state of the principal's domicile or under any will of the 16 principal or any codicil thereto: Provided, That the 17 18 validity of the medical power of attorney shall not be 19 affected when a witness at the time of witnessing the 20 same was unaware that he or she was named a bene-21 ficiary of the principal's will: (4) legally responsible for 22 the costs of the principal's medical or other care; (5) the 23 attending physician; or (6) the representative or any 24 successor representative appointed pursuant to this 25 article.
- (c) The following persons may not serve as a representative or successor representative: (1) A treating health care provider of the principal; (2) an employee of a treating health care provider not related to the principal; (3) an operator of a health care facility serving the principal; or (4) an employee of an operator of a health care facility not related to the principal.

§16-30A-7. Nomination of committee or guardian.

A principal may nominate, by a medical power of attorney, the committee or guardian of his person for consideration by the court or county commission if protective proceedings for the principal's person are thereafter commenced. The court or county commission shall make its appointment in accordance with the principal's most recent nomination in a medical power of attorney, except for good cause or disqualification.

§16-30A-8. Presumption of validity.

If the principal is incapacitated at the time of any health care decision, a medical power of attorney executed in accordance with this article is presumed to be valid. For the purposes of this article, a physician or health care facility may presume, in the absence of actual notice to the contrary, that a principal who executed a medical power of attorney was of sound mind when it was executed. The fact that an individual executed a medical power of attorney is not an indication of the principal's incapacity. In addition, a physi-

- cian or health care facility may presume, in the absence
- 12 of actual notice to the contrary, that any witness who
- executed a medical power of attorney in accordance
- with this article was qualified to do so.

§16-30A-9. Proof of continuance of medical power of attorney by affidavit.

- When acts are undertaken in good-faith reliance upon
- a medical power of attorney as prescribed herein, an
- affidavit given by a representative stating that he or she
- did not have, at the time of any exercise of such power,
- 5 knowledge concerning any revocation thereof, shall be
- considered to be clear and convincing evidence of the
- validity of the power at that time. This section shall not
- affect any provision in a medical power of attorney for
- its termination by expiration of time or occurrence of
- 10 any event other than express revocation by the
- principal.

§16-30A-10. Protection of health care providers.

- (a) A physician, licensed health care professional.
- health facility or employee thereof shall not be subject
- to criminal or civil liability for good-faith compliance
- with or reliance upon the directions of the representa-
- tive in accordance with this article.
- (b) An attending physician who cannot or will not 7 comply with or act in reliance upon the directions of the
- representative shall, in conjunction with the represen-
- 9 tative, cause the transfer of the principal to another-
- 10 physician who will comply with the directions of the
- representative. Transfer under such circumstances does 11
- 12 not constitute abandonment of the principal.

§16-30A-11. Medical power of attorney to be made part of the medical records.

- A physician or other health care provider who
- receives a copy of a medical power of attorney or the revocation thereof, shall make it part of the principal's
- then current medical record.

§16-30A-12. Right to receive information regarding proposed health care; medical records.